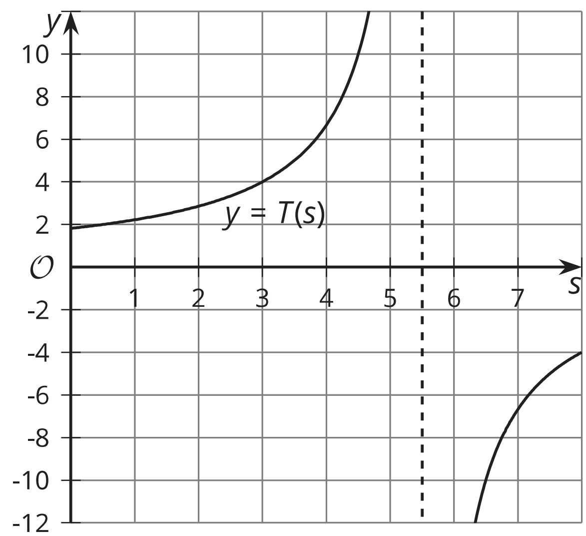
Lesson 17 Practice Problems

1. Jada is planning a kayak trip. She finds an expression for the time, $T(s)$, in hours it takes her to paddle 10 kilometers upstream in terms of s, the speed of the current in kilometers per hour. This is the graph Jada gets if she allows s to take on any value between 0 and 7.5.

    a. What would be a more appropriate domain for Jada to use instead?

    b. What is the approximate speed of the current if her trip takes 6 hours?



2. A cylindrical can needs to have a volume of 6 cubic inches. A label is to go around the side of the can. The function $S(r) = \frac{12}{r}$ gives the area of the label in square inches where r is the radius of the can in inches.

    a. As r gets closer and closer to 0, what does the behavior of the function tell you about the situation?

    b. As r gets larger and larger, what does the end behavior of the function tell you about the situation?

3. What is the equation of the vertical asymptote for the graph of the rational function $g(x) = \frac{6}{x-1}$?

   A. $x = 1$

   B. $x = -1$

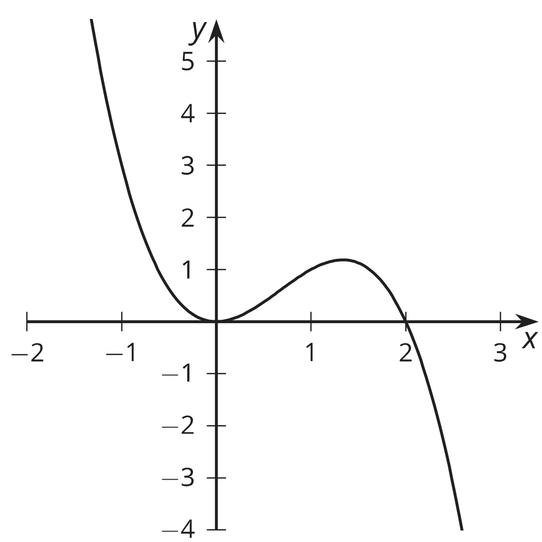
   C. $x = 6$

   D. $x = \frac{1}{6}$

4. A geometric sequence h starts at 16 and has a growth factor of 1.75. Sketch a graph of h showing the first 5 terms.

(From Unit 1, Lesson 7.)

5. Is this the graph of $g(x) = -x^2(x-2)$ or $h(x) = x^2(x-2)$? Explain how you know.



(From Unit 2, Lesson 10.)

6. *Technology required*. A 6 oz cylindrical can of tomato paste needs to have a volume of 178 cm^3. The current can design uses a radius of 2.75 cm and a height of 7.5 cm. Use graphing technology to find a cylindrical design that would have less surface area so each can uses less metal.

(From Unit 2, Lesson 16.)

7. The surface area $S(r)$ in square units of a cylinder with a volume of 20 cubic units is a function of its radius r in units where $S(r) = 2\pi r^2 + \frac{40}{r}$. What is the surface area of a cylinder with a volume of 20 cubic units and a radius of 4 units?

(From Unit 2, Lesson 16.)

Lesson 18: Graphs of Rational Functions (Part 2)

- Let's learn about horizontal asymptotes.

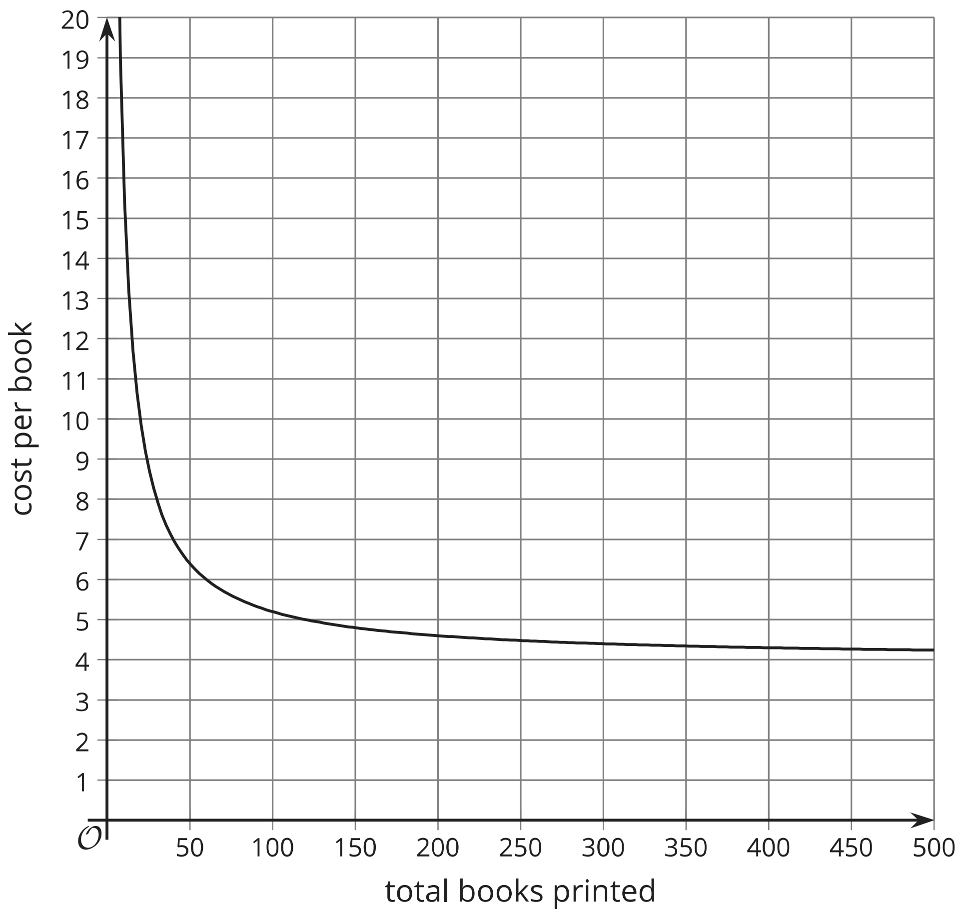
18.1: Rewritten Equations

Decide if each of these equations is true or false for x values that do not result in a denominator of 0. Be prepared to explain your reasoning.

1. $\frac{x+7}{x} = 1 + \frac{7}{x}$
2. $\frac{x}{x+7} = 1 + \frac{x}{7}$

18.2: Publishing a Paperback

Let c be the function that gives the average cost per book $c(x)$, in dollars, when using an online store to print x copies of a self-published paperback book. Here is a graph of $c(x) = \frac{120+4x}{x}$.



1. What is the approximate cost per book when 50 books are printed? 100 books?

2. The author plans to charge $8 per book. About how many should be printed to make a profit?

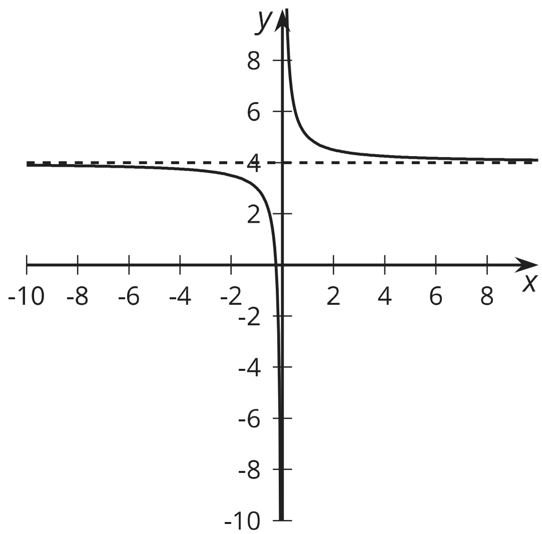
3. What is the value of $c(x)$ when $x = \frac{1}{2}$? How does this relate to the context?

4. What does the end behavior of the function say about the context?

18.3: Horizontal Asymptotes

Here are four graphs of rational functions.

A



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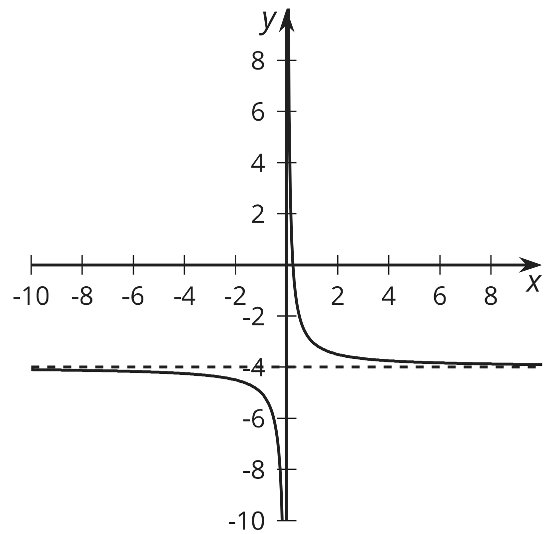
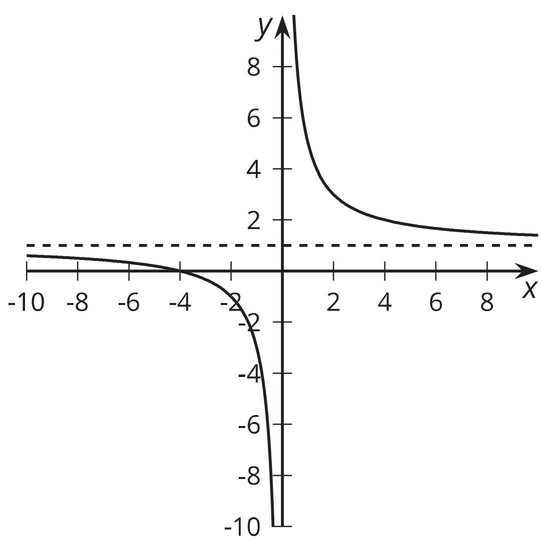


C



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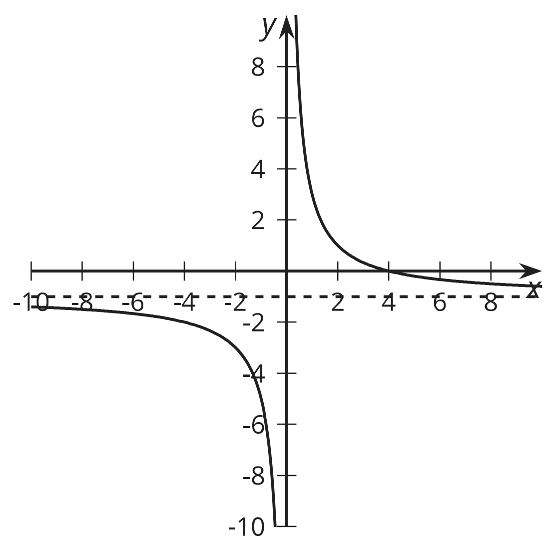


1. Match each function with its graphical representation.
   a. $a(x) = \frac{4}{x} - 1$

   b. $b(x) = \frac{1}{x} - 4$

   c. $c(x) = \frac{1+4x}{x}$

   d. $d(x) = \frac{x+4}{x}$

e. $e(x) = \frac{1-4x}{x}$

f. $f(x) = \frac{4-x}{x}$

g. $g(x) = 1 + \frac{4}{x}$

h. $h(x) = \frac{1}{x} + 4$

2. Where do you see the **horizontal asymptote** of the graph in the expressions for the functions?

Are you ready for more?

Consider the function $a(x) = \frac{\frac{1}{2}x+1}{x-1}$.

1. Predict where you think the vertical and horizontal asymptotes of $a(x)$ will be. Explain your reasoning.

2. Use graphing technology to check your prediction.

Lesson 18 Summary

Consider the rational function $f(x) = \frac{3x+1}{x}$. Written this way, we can tell that the graph of the function has a vertical asymptote at $x = 0$ by reading the denominator and identifying the value that would cause division by zero. But what can we tell about the value of $f(x)$ for values of x far away from the vertical asymptote?

One way we can think about these values is to rewrite the expression for $f(x)$ by breaking up the fraction:

$$f(x) = \frac{3x}{x} + \frac{1}{x}$$

$$f(x) = 3 + \frac{1}{x}$$

Written this way, it's easier to see that as x gets larger and larger in either the positive or negative direction, the $\frac{1}{x}$ term will get closer and closer to 0. Because of this, we can say that the value of the function will get closer and closer to 3.

More generally, if a rational function $g(x) = \frac{a(x)}{b(x)}$ can be rewritten as $g(x) = c + \frac{r(x)}{b(x)}$, where c is a constant, and $r(x)$ and $b(x)$ are polynomial expressions where $\frac{r(x)}{b(x)}$ gets closer and closer to zero as x gets larger and larger in both the positive and negative directions, then $g(x)$ will get closer and closer to c.

Rational functions of this type have a **horizontal asymptote** at the constant value. The line $y = c$ is a horizontal asymptote for f if $f(x)$ gets closer and closer to c as the magnitude of x increases.

Glossary

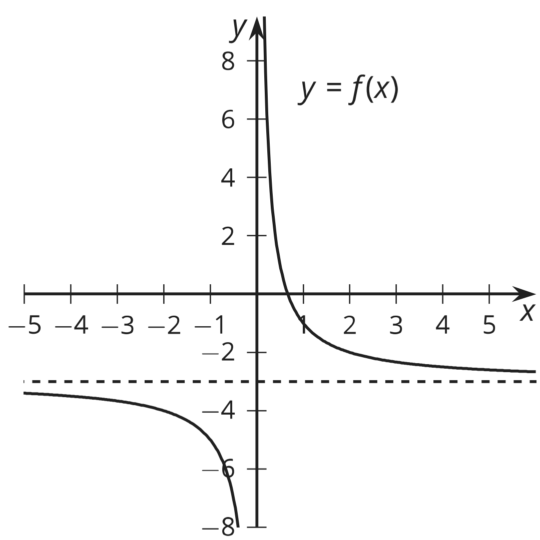
- horizontal asymptote

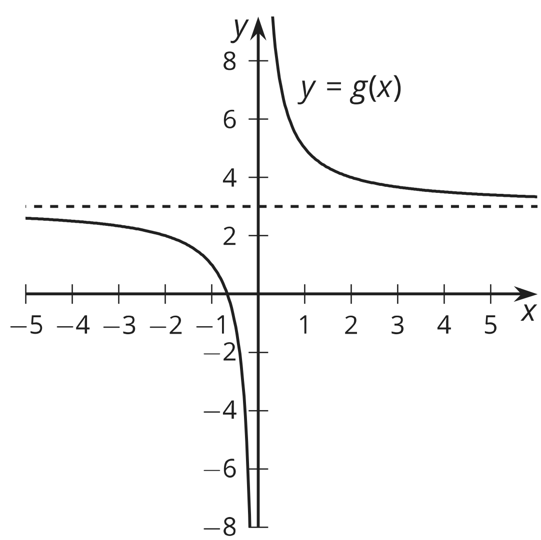
Lesson 18 Practice Problems

1. Rewrite the rational function $g(x) = \frac{x-4}{x}$ in the form $g(x) = c + \frac{r}{x}$, where c and r are constants.

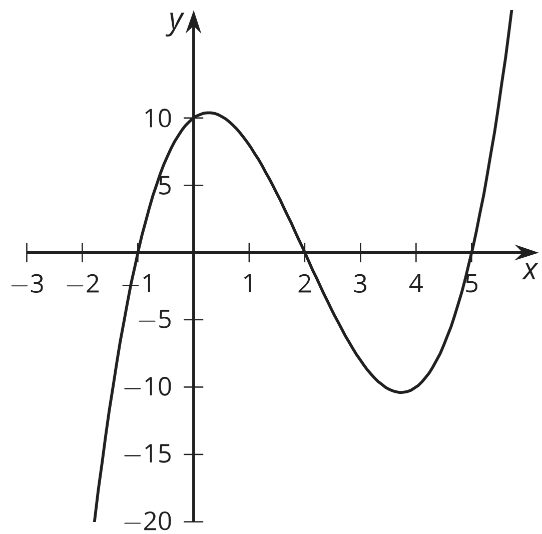
2. The average cost (in dollars) per mile for riding x miles in a cab is $c(x) = \frac{2.5+2x}{x}$. As x gets larger and larger, what does the end behavior of the function tell you about the situation?

3. The graphs of two rational functions f and g are shown. One of them is given by the expression $\frac{2-3x}{x}$. Which graph is it? Explain how you know.





4. Which polynomial function's graph is shown here?



A. $f(x) = (x + 1)(x + 2)(x + 5)$

B. $f(x) = (x + 1)(x - 2)(x - 5)$

C. $f(x) = (x - 1)(x + 2)(x + 5)$

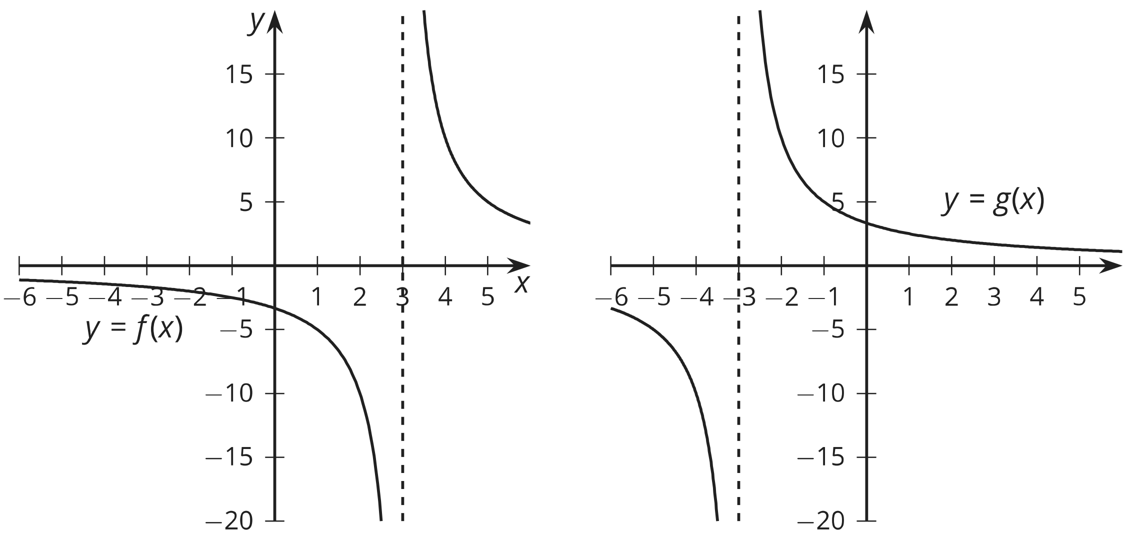
D. $f(x) = (x - 1)(x - 2)(x - 5)$

(From Unit 2, Lesson 7.)

5. State the degree and end behavior of $f(x) = 5x^3 - 2x^4 - 6x^2 - 3x + 7$. Explain or show your reasoning.

(From Unit 2, Lesson 9.)

6. The graphs of two rational functions f and g are shown. Which function must be given by the expression of $\frac{10}{x-3}$? Explain how you know.



(From Unit 2, Lesson 17.)