

October 1, 2018, Monday

1) ASA
 2) SSS
 3) Similar triangles with ratios: $\frac{10}{8} = 1.25$, $\frac{10}{8} = 1.25$, $\frac{20}{16} = 1.25$ → **SWAYS**

Vocabulary Check!

- 1) Draw two triangles which are congruent (with leg lengths &/or angles)
- 2) Draw two triangles which are similar (with leg lengths &/or angles)
- 3) Draw a midsegment of a triangle (using tic marks where appropriate)
- 4) What two geometric tools can you use to make geometric constructions?
Compass, straightedge, protractor.

Sep 20-8:31 AM

Unit 2 Study Guide Part 2

1) Determine the dilation scale factor.
 $H(0,2) \rightarrow H'(0,3)$
 $\frac{H'_y}{H_y} = \frac{3}{2} = 1.5$
 $\frac{H'_x}{H_x} = \frac{0}{0} = ?$
 $\frac{H'_x}{H_x} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$
Scale factor = 1.5

2) Find the missing side, x .

Determine if each set of triangles are similar by AA, SAS, or SSS. Otherwise, write Not Similar.

39) $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$
 $\frac{12}{15} = \frac{16}{x}$
 $12x = 240$
 $x = 20$

40) $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$
 $\frac{10}{12} = \frac{15}{18}$
 $10 \cdot 18 = 12 \cdot 15$
 $180 = 180$
Similar

41) $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$
 $\frac{12}{14} = \frac{15}{18}$
 $12 \cdot 18 = 14 \cdot 15$
 $216 \neq 210$
Not Similar

42) $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$
 $\frac{10}{12} = \frac{15}{18}$
 $10 \cdot 18 = 12 \cdot 15$
 $180 = 180$
Similar

43) $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$
 $\frac{10}{12} = \frac{15}{18}$
 $10 \cdot 18 = 12 \cdot 15$
 $180 = 180$
Similar

44) Given that M, P, & N are midpoints and the perimeter of $\triangle MPN = 91$, what is the perimeter of $\triangle XYZ$?
 $DE = \frac{1}{2} AC$ OR $2DE = AC$
 $2(3x-15) = 30$
 $6x-30 = 30$
 $+30 +30$
 $6x = 60$
 $x = 10$

45) $\frac{61}{21} = \frac{25}{15}$
 $61 \cdot 15 = 21 \cdot 25$
 $915 \neq 525$
Not Similar

46) $\frac{30}{42} = \frac{50}{42}$
 $30 \cdot 42 = 42 \cdot 50$
 $1260 \neq 2100$
Not Similar

For all by-hand constructions use a compass and straightedge. DO NOT erase your construction marks.

- 15) Copy the angle.
- 16) Construct a regular hexagon inscribed in the circle.
- 17) Bisect the angle.
- 18) Construct a perpendicular bisector.
- 19) Construct a parallel line through the given point.
- 20) Construct a square inscribed in a circle.

TRY ANY 3!

Constructions Review

Match each construction to its image. Highlight the first step of each construction. If complete, highlight the last step of the construction in another color. If incomplete, complete the construction.

21) Copying an angle	A.	B.
22) Hexagon inscribed in a circle	C.	D.
23) Copying a line segment	E.	F.
24) Bisecting an angle	G.	H.
25) Square inscribed in a circle	I.	J.
26) Parallel line		
27) Perpendicular bisector		
28) Perpendicular line through a point on the line		
29) Perpendicular line through a point NOT on the line		
30) Equilateral triangle inscribed in a circle		

October 2, 2018, Tuesday

What is being constructed?
ANGLE BISECTOR

What is the next step?
MOVE THE COMPASS TO SEGMENT QR & MAKE ANOTHER ARC

Are the triangles similar? How?
NO, NOT SIMILAR

What is x ?
 $DE = 13$

Algebraic solutions:
 $\frac{2}{4} = .5$
 $\frac{27}{54} = .5$
 $\frac{6}{12} = .5$
 $2(3x-5) = 26$
 $6x-10 = 26$
 $+10 +10$
 $6x = 36$
 $x = 6$

Sep 20-8:32 AM

Test

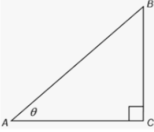
You may skip 1 problem per page, please write 'skip' on that problem otherwise I will grade it.

16. You may complete the construction described or a equilateral triangle inscribed in a circle. Please leave construction marks (= do not erase!).

Oct 2-7:55 AM

Using a laptop find out what SOHCAHTOA means. Write it in mathematical terms (letters & variables).

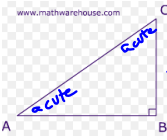
Label the following triangle using the words: hypotenuse, opposite & adjacent



Oct 2-12:15 PM

October 3, 2018, Wednesday
Unit 3 - Right Triangle Trigonometry

State a minimum of 5 characteristics of the following triangle.




1) a right triangle
2) there are sides (legs) and angles
3) there are 3 vertices
4) there is 1 hypotenuse
5) there are 2 acute angles.

Sep 20-8:33 AM

Unit 3 - What is Right Triangle Trigonometry?
<https://www.bc.edu/slc/sospa/04> by Garrick

While watching this video, list 5 important things you discover in your notebook.



The trigonometric functions at **sine, cosine, tangent, cotangent**

UNIT 3 - RIGHT TRIANGLE TRIGONOMETRY

Students will apply similarity in right triangles to understand the Pythagorean Theorem and the relationship between the sine involving right triangles.

The following will take you to activities that will provide a better understanding of the trigonometric functions.

SOH CAH TOA explained, Garrick

$\sin \theta = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{hyp}}$ $\cos \theta = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{hyp}}$ $\tan \theta = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{adj}}$

"theta" angle measure


$\sin x = \frac{o}{h}$

Sep 20-8:48 AM

p585

Draw the Ratio in a Right Triangle, labeling all part of the right triangle

"TOP DRAWING"

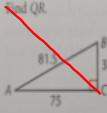


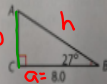
p590 Use the tangent to find the unknown side length. #9-14

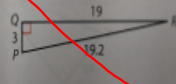
p 590 Use the tan-1 to find the unknown angle measure #15-17

Sep 20-10:57 AM

Use the tangent to find the unknown side length. **SOHCAHTOA**

9. Find QR. 

10. Find AC. 

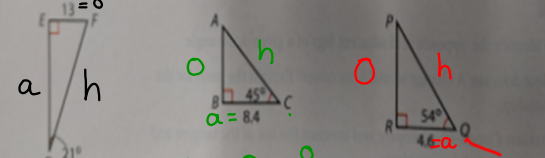
11. Find PQ. 

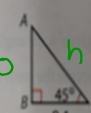
$\tan \theta = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{adj}}$

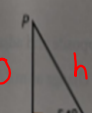
$8(\tan 27^\circ) = \frac{81}{75}$

$4.1 = 0$

Oct 3-10:17 AM

12. Find DE. 

13. Find AB. 

14. Find PR. 

$\tan \theta = \frac{o}{a}$

$(\tan 21) = \frac{13}{a}$

$a \cdot \tan 21 = 13$

$\therefore a = 33.9$

$8.4(\tan 45^\circ) = \frac{81}{8.4}$

$8.4 = 0$

$\tan \theta = \frac{o}{a}$

$4.6(\tan 54^\circ) = \frac{4.6a}{4.6}$

$6.3 = 0$

Oct 3-1:10 PM

find the measure of the angle specified for each triangle. Use the inverse tangent (\tan^{-1}) function of your calculator. Round your answer to the nearest degree. \tan^{-1} OR arctan

15. Find $\angle A$. 16. Find $\angle R$. 17. Find $\angle B$.

$a = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2$

$\tan \theta = \frac{a}{b}$

$\tan \theta = \frac{6.8}{3.0}$

$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6.8}{3.0}\right)$

$\theta = 66^\circ$

$\tan \theta = \frac{9}{24}$

$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{24}\right)$

$\theta = 21^\circ$

Oct 3-10:18 AM

Oct 4, 2018, Wednesday

How do SOHCAHTOA help you remember the tangent ratio.

Set up the tangent ratio to solve for x.

Set up the tangent ratio to solve for theta.

Oct 3-1:41 PM

What does the tangent ratio help you find?

<https://youtu.be/BLHk7WkgdKw> by Owens

Tangent Ratio explained, Owens

Sep 20-11:00 AM

Copy p594 Trig Ratios

How does this fit in our SOHCAHTOA?

Sep 20-11:15 AM

Let's start with sine (SOH)...

$\sin \theta = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{hyp}}$

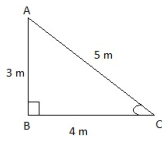
Sep 20-11:17 AM

& now for cosine (CAH)...

Cosine
adjacent / hypotenuse
CAH

Sep 20-11:19 AM

Can you use multiple ratios (SOH), (CAH), and/or (TOA)?



Sep 20-11:23 AM

Let's explore some resources about trigonometry ratios on Geogebra...

- <https://99tm.atZ3ap.rh1E> brzenzi geobra trig ratio
- <https://www.geogebra.org/m/kvu57SuXematerialiUZDWWDo> ayooob trig ratio veiving triangles

Write down 3 observations for each Geogebra file.

Sep 20-11:25 AM

Familiarizing with the Sine ratio - Kuta

Familiarizing with the Cosine ratio - Kuta

Can you choose the correct ratio? - Self assess

Word problems with a group.

Sep 20-11:56 AM