

Monday, August 13, 2018

Simplify each expression.

1. $\sqrt{150} - 7\sqrt{24}$ $-9\sqrt{6}$	2. $-2\sqrt{90} - 5\sqrt{40}$ $-16\sqrt{10}$	3. $3\sqrt{98} - 6\sqrt{18}$ $3\sqrt{2}$
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4. $\sqrt{20} - 15\sqrt{2} - 5\sqrt{20} + 3\sqrt{2}$
 $-4\sqrt{20} - 12\sqrt{2}$ like radicals

5. $-9\sqrt{x} + 4\sqrt{y} - 4\sqrt{x} + 2\sqrt{y}$
 $-13\sqrt{x} + 6\sqrt{y}$

multiplying $-9\sqrt{x} + 4\sqrt{y}$ multiplying coefficient, then radicand, simplify

Jul 31-4:26 PM

Day 8 - Pythagorean Theorem

Today, we will be learning one of the most common formulas used in math, the Pythagorean Theorem. The Pythagorean Theorem is a relation in geometry that works for **RIGHT TRIANGLE ONLY**.

Pythagorean Theorem
 $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$
leg² + leg² = hyp²
*Where 'c' is always the hypotenuse.

The **hypotenuse** is the longest side/leg in a right triangle.

Use the Pythagorean Theorem to find the length of each hypotenuse:

- $a=3, b=4$
 $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$
 $3^2 + 4^2 = c^2$
 $9 + 16 = c^2$
 $25 = c^2$
 $5 = \sqrt{25} = c$
- $a=4, b=3$
 $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$
 $4^2 + 3^2 = c^2$
 $16 + 9 = c^2$
 $25 = c^2$
 $5 = \sqrt{25} = c$
- $a=16, b=12$
 $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$
 $16^2 + 12^2 = c^2$
 $256 + 144 = c^2$
 $400 = c^2$
 $20 = \sqrt{400} = c$
- $a=3, b=4$
 $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$
 $3^2 + 4^2 = c^2$
 $9 + 16 = c^2$
 $25 = c^2$
 $5 = \sqrt{25} = c$
- $a=204, b=14$
 $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$
 $204^2 + 14^2 = c^2$
 $41616 + 196 = c^2$
 $41812 = c^2$
 $204 = \sqrt{41616} = c$
- $a=6, b=8$
 $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$
 $6^2 + 8^2 = c^2$
 $36 + 64 = c^2$
 $100 = c^2$
 $10 = \sqrt{100} = c$

Aug 8-1:05 PM

Pythagorean Theorem

Use the Pythagorean Theorem to find the missing side:

7. leg = 8, leg = 15, hyp = c
 $8^2 + 15^2 = c^2$
 $64 + 225 = 289 = c^2$
 $17 = \sqrt{289} = c$

8. leg = 3, leg = b , hyp = 12
 $3^2 + b^2 = 12^2$
 $9 + b^2 = 144$
 $b^2 = 135$
 $b = \sqrt{135}$

Determine whether the given lengths can sides of a right triangle.

9. 12, 20, 26
 $12^2 + 20^2 = 20^2 + 144 = 344$
 $26^2 = 676$
 $344 \neq 676$ **NO**

10. 24, 10, 26
 $24^2 + 10^2 = 576 + 100 = 676$
 $26^2 = 676$
 $676 = 676$ **YES: Right Triangle**

11. Find the distance from home plate to 2nd base.

$90^2 + 90^2 = c^2$
 $16200 = c^2$
 $\sqrt{16200} = c$
 $c = 127.27$

Aug 8-1:05 PM

Pythagorean Theorem

Use the Pythagorean Theorem to find the third side of each triangle if 'a' and 'b' are legs and 'c' is the hypotenuse of the right triangle.

- $a=3, b=4$
- $c=10, a=6$
- $b=24, c=26$
- $a=9, b=12$
- $c=34, b=30$
- $a=9, b=40$
- $b=21, c=29$
- $a=12, b=35$
- $b=60, c=61$
- $a=8, b=15$
- $a=5, b=6$
- $a=8, c=12$
- $a=6, b=7$
- $b=12, c=15$
- $a=5, c=10$

Handwritten notes: **Chose 1 copy**, **MP MG AG**, **DF SH JC**, **JD MD KA**, **Ic II**, **Leave as Radical sqrt**, **rounding to the hundredths 37.01**

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Tuesday, August 14, 2018

Find the missing side of each triangle.

1) $a=20, b=12$
 $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$
 $20^2 + 12^2 = c^2$
 $400 + 144 = c^2$
 $544 = c^2$
 $c = \sqrt{544} = 23.32$

2) $a=15, b=8$
 $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$
 $15^2 + 8^2 = c^2$
 $225 + 64 = c^2$
 $289 = c^2$
 $17 = \sqrt{289} = c$

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16. How high is the TV screen?

17. How far above the ground is the kite?

18. How long is each rafter?

19. What is the altitude of the equilateral triangle?

20. The anchor of a boat is 60 ft, right below its stern. The distance from the anchor to the bow of the boat is 61 feet. What is the length of the deck from bow to stern?

21. One end of a rope is attached to the top of a sailboat mast. It is drawn tightly and attached 9 feet from the base of the mast. The rope is 41 feet long. How high is the mast?

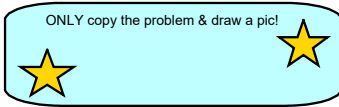
22. The diagonal brace on a gate is 2 meters long. The height of the gate is 1 meter. How wide is the gate?

23. Lucas walked 62 yards due north, then 30 yards due east. How far is Lucas from his starting point?

Aug 8-1:09 PM

Wednesday, August 15, 2018

- The bottom of a ladder must be placed 3 feet from a wall. The ladder is 10 feet long. How far above the ground does the ladder touch the wall?



- A soccer field is a rectangle 100 meters wide and 130 meters long. The coach asks players to run from one corner to the other corner diagonally across. What is that distance?

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Foundations of Algebra Unit 1 - Rational and Irrational Numbers Study Guide

Name _____ Date _____

UNIT 1 TEST REVIEW

Use the following to review for you test. Work the Practice Problems on a separate sheet of paper.

What you need to know and do	Things to remember	Practice Problems
1. Classifying Numbers	Natural: 1, 2, 3... Whole: 0, 1, 2, 3... Integer: -1, 0, 1, 2, 3... Rational: Can be written as a fraction. Irrational: Unpaired radical or non-repeating decimal.	Classify each as rational or irrational. 1. -41 Rational 2. $3\pi/9$ Rational 3. $\sqrt{45}$ Irrational 4. $6.919191...$ Rational 5. $2\pi/7$ Irrational 6. $\sqrt{16}$ Integer 7. $\sqrt{25}$ Integer 8. The insert for a book has 34 inches. It is 2.78 inches wide. What is the new length? $34 - 2.78 = 31.22$
2. Operations with Rational Numbers and Applications	Identify the operation (addition, subtraction, multiplication, division)	7. In a school survey, 7/9 of the 2400 students preferred hip-hop music. How many students like hip-hop music? $2400 \cdot \frac{7}{9} = 1867$
3. Comparing Rational Numbers	Convert to decimals and then compare.	9. $3.2 > 3.08$ $10.1 < 1.7$
4. Rounding	Circle the number. Look next door. 5 or above, add 1 more. 4 or below, just ignore.	12. $\underline{6}.70$ 13. $0.\underline{9}4$ 14. $\underline{0}.85$ 15. $\underline{2}646$

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Foundations of Algebra Unit 1 - Rational and Irrational Numbers Study Guide

5. Estimating Radicals	Identify the two perfect squares that the radicand falls between.	16. The $\sqrt{16}$ lies between which two integers? $\sqrt{16} = 4$ $\sqrt{9} = 3$ $\sqrt{16} = 4$ $\sqrt{9} = 3$ 3 and 4	17. Identify the two integers that the square root is between. Then determine which one it is closest to. $\sqrt{49} = 7$ 7 and 8
6. Simplify a Radical	Prime factor the radicand and look for pairs.	18. $\sqrt{24x^3y^2}$ $2\sqrt{6x^2y}$	19. $\sqrt{48x^2y^2}$ $4\sqrt{3xy}$
7. Add / Subtract Radicals	You can only add or subtract if the radicand is the same. Try to simplify first. Simply again at the end.	20. $\sqrt{12} - 3\sqrt{3}$ $-2\sqrt{3}$	21. $3\sqrt{18} - \sqrt{32} + 5\sqrt{2}$ $10\sqrt{2}$
8. Multiply Radicals	Multiply Outside by Outside and Inside. Simplify at the end.	22. $-3\sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{30}$ $-3\sqrt{5}$	23. $(4\sqrt{3x})(\sqrt{6xy})$ $4\sqrt{18x^2y}$ $12x\sqrt{2y}$
9. Pythagorean Theorem	Find the missing length.	24. A field hockey field is a rectangle 60 yards by 100 yards. What is the length of the diagonal from one corner of the field to the opposite corner? $100^2 + 60^2 = c^2$ $13600 = c^2$ 116.6	

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WARNING

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FOA - more review for unit 1 test

Name _____ ID: 1

Date _____ Period _____

Simplify the following radicals.

- $\sqrt{96}$
- $-4\sqrt{108}$
- $-\sqrt{125}$
- $-3\sqrt{392}$
- $\sqrt{320a^2}$
- $\sqrt{12a^2}$
- $-5\sqrt{28x^2y^2}$
- $8\sqrt{12a^2b^2}$
- $\sqrt{32x^2y^2}$
- $\sqrt{18} - \sqrt{18}$
- $-5\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{26}$
- $\sqrt{15a} - 5\sqrt{5a}$
- $\sqrt{50}(4 + 4\sqrt{5})$
- $\sqrt{15}(3 + 2\sqrt{6})$
- $2\sqrt{43} - 2\sqrt{5}$
- $-\sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{12}$
- $2\sqrt{27} - 3\sqrt{27}$
- $\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{5}$
- $\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}$
- $\sqrt{512x^2}$
- $\sqrt{12a^2}$
- $\sqrt{288x^2}$
- $\sqrt{12a^2}$
- $\sqrt{16a^2}$
- $\sqrt{100x^2}$
- $\sqrt{60} + \sqrt{12}$
- $\sqrt{5}(2\sqrt{18} + 4)$

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FOA - more review for unit 1 test

Name _____ ID: 1

Date _____ Period _____

Simplify the following radicals.

- $\sqrt{96}$
- $-4\sqrt{108}$
- $-\sqrt{125}$
- $-3\sqrt{392}$
- $\sqrt{320a^2}$
- $\sqrt{12a^2}$
- $-5\sqrt{28x^2y^2}$
- $8\sqrt{12a^2b^2}$
- $\sqrt{32x^2y^2}$
- $\sqrt{18} - \sqrt{18}$
- $-5\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{26}$
- $\sqrt{15a} - 5\sqrt{5a}$
- $\sqrt{50}(4 + 4\sqrt{5})$
- $\sqrt{15}(3 + 2\sqrt{6})$
- $2\sqrt{43} - 2\sqrt{5}$
- $-\sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{12}$
- $2\sqrt{27} - 3\sqrt{27}$
- $\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{5}$
- $\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}$
- $\sqrt{512x^2}$
- $\sqrt{12a^2}$
- $\sqrt{288x^2}$
- $\sqrt{12a^2}$
- $\sqrt{16a^2}$
- $\sqrt{100x^2}$
- $\sqrt{60} + \sqrt{12}$
- $\sqrt{5}(2\sqrt{18} + 4)$

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Thursday, August 16, 2018

Solve the word problems that you copied down yesterday.

Find your new seat too!

Jul 31-4:26 PM

Friday, August 17, 2018

Draw a picture to help you answer the following. You do not have to write the question.

A baseball diamond is a square that is 90 feet on each side. What is the distance a catcher has to throw the ball from home to second base?

David leaves the house to go to school. He walks 200m west and 125m north. How far away is he from his starting point? (the diagonal)

Jul 31-4:26 PM

Foundations of Algebra Unit 2 - Relationships Among Quantities Notes

Name: _____ Date: _____

Day 1 - Interpreting Language in Mathematic Expressions

An _____ is a mathematical sentence. An equation shows that two things are _____. An example of an algebraic equation is: $2x + 10y + 6 = 30$.

An expression containing variables (letters), numbers, and operation symbols is called an _____.

An example of an algebraic expression is: $5x + 7y - 3$.

Algebraic Expression

$x - 2 = 5$

Algebraic Equation

In an algebraic expression, there are four different parts: coefficients, variables, constants, and terms.

$5x + 7y - 3$

Variables are the letters in an expression. **Coefficients** are the numbers in front of the variables.

$5x + 7y - 3$ $5x + 7y - 3$

Constants are the "plain numbers" or terms without variables. **Terms** are separated by + or - sign and can be numbers and/or variables.

$5x + 7y - 3$ $5x + 7y - 3$

Complete the table below:

Expression	How Many Terms?	List Variables	List Constants	List Coefficients
$2x + 5z - 3$				
13				
$6m^2 - 9m + 1 = 4$				
$x^2 + 7x - 1$				

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Foundations of Algebra Unit 2 - Relationships Among Quantities Notes

Name: _____ Date: _____

Additional Mathematics Vocabulary

An **Exponent** is representative of the number of times you _____, something times itself.

Example: 2^4

The **Base** is a number or variable that has been raised to a _____.

Example: 2^4

Like Terms are terms that have the same _____ raised to the same _____.

Examples: $-3p$ and $4p$
 $3x^2$ and $7x^2$
 1 and 4 (these are both constants)

Factors are _____ and/or _____ that are being multiplied together to get a product.

Example: Factor of 6 are: 1 and 6 ≥ 2 and 3
 Factors of xy are: _____ and _____
 Factors of $(x + 2)(y - 3)$ are: $(x + 2)$ and $(y - 3)$
 Factors of $3(z - 9)$ are: _____ and _____

The **Order of Operations** is a set of rules that we follow when making calculations. It instructs us to:

1. Simplify inside parentheses
2. Take care of exponents
3. In order from left to right, multiplication or division
4. In order from left to right, addition or subtraction

Some may have learned this as **PENDAS** or "Please Excuse My Dear Aunt Sally".

P - Parenthesis
E - Exponents
MD - Multiplication or Division
AS - Addition or Subtraction

Example: Solve the following using the Order of Operations.

$5 - 3(2 + 1)^2 + 4$

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Foundations of Algebra Unit 2 - Relationships Among Quantities Notes

Name: _____ Date: _____

Writing Expressions in Words

Addition	Subtraction	Multiplication	Division
Sum	Difference	Of	Quotient
Increased by	Decreased by	Product	Ratio of
More than	Minus	Times	Fraction of
Combined	Less	Multiplied by	Fraction of
Together	Less than	Double	Out of
Total of	Fewer than	Twice	Per
Added to		Triple	Divided by
Colored			
Rollled			
Plus			

Use Parenthesis: the quantity of

Practice: Write the expression for each verbal description:

1. the difference of 10 and 5
2. the quotient of 14 and 7
3. y decreased by 17
4. x increased by 6
5. The sum of q and 8
6. 6 squared
7. Twice q
8. 4 times 5 plus 7
9. 8 more than twice k
10. 2 minus the quantity 3 more than p
11. Half of the quantity 1 less than w

Practice: Write each as a verbal expression.

1. $\frac{x}{2}$
2. $a + 9$
3. $5n - 7$
4. $3(y + 7)$

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Foundations of Algebra Unit 2 - Relationships Among Quantities Practice

Name: _____ Date: _____

Day 1 - Interpreting Language in Mathematic Expressions

1. Identify each term, coefficient, and constant in $5x^2 + 3x + 12$.
2. Write an expression with 4 terms, containing the coefficients 3, 6, and 9.

Translate each verbal expression to an algebraic expression.

3. Eight more than 3 times a number
4. the difference of 10 and a number
5. The quotient of 12 and a number
6. 15 less than twice a number
7. three-fourths the square of a number
8. the product of 5 and the cube of a number increased by the difference of 6 and x
9. Half the sum of x and y decreased by one-third of y
10. The sum of a number and six, divided by eight

Translate each algebraic expression to a verbal expression.

11. $25 - x$
12. $x^2 - 12$
13. $3 + \frac{1}{2}x$
14. $8^x - x$
15. $\frac{6-x}{13}$
16. $25(6+x)$

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