

January 22, 2019 Tuesday

Rewrite each equation in terms of the indicated (letter).

7) $V = \frac{1}{3} Bh$ (A) 8) $A = \frac{a+b+c}{3}$ (c)

For each equation, identify the slope and y-intercept.

12) $3 + 2x = y$
 $y = 2x + 3$ $y = mx + b$
 $m = \frac{2}{1}$ $b = 3$

Rewrite each equation into slope-intercept form.

18) $8x = 16 + 2y$

$8x = 16 + 2y$
 $-2y = -8x + 16$
 $-\frac{2y}{-2} = \frac{-8x + 16}{-2}$
 $y = -4x + 8$ OR $y = 4x - 8$

7) $3V = \frac{1}{3} Bh$
 $3V = \frac{Bh}{3}$
 $\frac{3V}{3} = \frac{Bh}{3}$
 $V = \frac{Bh}{9}$

8) $3A = \frac{a+b+c}{3}$
 $3A = \frac{a+b+c}{3}$
 $3A \cdot 3 = \frac{a+b+c}{3} \cdot 3$
 $9A = a+b+c$
 $9A - a - b = c$
 $3A - a - b = c$

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Unit 1 Test Review...

9) 2.38 km cm
 23800 dm [A]

2) "Simplified" = combine like terms
 $22x^3 + 14x^2 + 3x + 7 - 12x^3 + 5x$
 $(10x^3) + (14x^2) + (8x) + (7)$ 4 terms [C]

6) $J = K$ $K + x + x$
 $D = x$ $K + 2x$ [B]

19) $2x^2(3x^2 + 3x - 1) =$
 $2x^2 \cdot 3x^2 + 2x^2 \cdot 3x - 2x^2 \cdot 1$
 $6x^4 + 6x^3 - 2x^2$

21) $R = 50$ kg
 $A = 45000$ g
 $A = 45$ kg -50 kg
 45 kg [C]

32c) $2x^4 + 4x^3 + 7$
 Standard Form: $4x^3 + 2x^4 + 7$
 c) degree 5

Properties Quick Check:
 Graded 1, 5, 10, 12
 10) Mult + 0 = 0
 $6 \cdot 0 = 0$

Jan 22-9:03 AM

CSE Algebra I Unit 2A SG

Solve for the indicated variable.

1. $A = 5x + y$ (y)
 $-5x - 5x$
 $A - 5x = y \Rightarrow y = A - 5x$

A. $y = \frac{A}{5x}$
 B. $y = \frac{A-x}{5}$
 C. $y = \frac{1}{A+5x}$
 D. $y = A - 5x$

2. $TE = \frac{M}{Cx^2}$ (M)
 $M = \frac{TE}{Cx^2} \cdot Cx^2 = \frac{TE \cdot Cx^2}{Cx^2} = \frac{TE \cdot Cx^2}{Cx^2}$

3. Justify the missing step.

Equation	Steps	Equation	Steps
$3(x+1) = 12 + 5$	Original	$3(x+1) = 12 + 5$	Original
$3x + 3 = 12 + 5$	Distributive Prop. of Equality	$3x + 3 = 12 + 5$	Subst. Property of Equality
$3x + 3 = 17$	Addition Prop. of Equality	$3x + 3 = 17$	Subst. Property of Equality
$3x = 14$	Subtraction Prop. of Equality	$3x = 14$	Subst. Property of Equality
$x = \frac{14}{3}$	Division Prop. of Equality	$x = \frac{14}{3}$	Division Property of Equality

4. Identify the slope and y-intercept, then graph.

$y = 2x - 4$
 $m = \frac{2}{1} = \text{rise}$
 $b = -4 = \text{run}$

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CSE Algebra I Unit 2A SG

6. The formula $P = 2L + 2W$ tells the perimeter of a package.

a) Solve the equation for L.
 $P = 2L + 2W$
 $-2W - 2W$
 $\frac{P - 2W}{2} = \frac{2L}{2}$
 $\frac{P - 2W}{2} = L$

b) What is the length of a package that has a perimeter of 20 cm and a width of 5?
 $P = 20$
 $W = 5$
 $\frac{20 - 2(5)}{2} = L$
 $\frac{20 - 10}{2} = L$
 $\frac{10}{2} = L$
 $5 = L$

7. Rewrite the equation into slope-intercept form: $y + 6 = 12 - 4x$
 $-y - 6 + 6 = 12 - 4x - 6$
 $-y = -4x + 6$
 $y = 4x - 6$

8. Rewrite the equation into slope-intercept form. Then graph the line: $x + y - 3 = 0$
 $x + y - 3 = 0$
 $-x - x + y - 3 = 0 - x$
 $-x + y - 3 = -x$
 $y - 3 = -x + 3$
 $y = -x + 6$

9. Write a linear equation to model the following situation:
 You are buying 2 types of shirts on Main. Joe has \$140 to spend.
 J: 75 - 4 J + M = 140
 M: 5 75 - 4 + 5 = 140
 85 - 4 = 140

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Applications of Standard to Slope-Intercept Form

1. You are in charge of buying the hamburger and chicken for a party. You have \$60 to spend. The hamburger costs \$2 per pound and chicken is \$3 per pound.

a. Write an equation that represents the different amounts of hamburger, x , and chicken, y , that you can buy.

b. Rewrite the equation into slope-intercept form.

c. Graph the function.

d. If you buy 15 pounds of hamburger, how many pounds of chicken can you buy?

e. List three different combinations of hamburgers and chickens you can buy.

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2. You are buying \$48 worth of lawn seed that consists of two types of seed. One type is a quick-growing eye grass that costs \$4 per pound, and the other type is a higher-quality seed that costs \$6 per pound.

a. Write an equation that represents the different amounts of \$4 seed, x , and \$6 seed, y , that you can buy.

b. Rewrite the equation into slope-intercept form.

c. Graph the function.

d. If you buy 3 pounds of \$4 seed, how many pounds \$6 seed can you buy?

e. List three different combinations of seed combinations.

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January 23, 2019, Wednesday

1) Identify the property of equality that justifies each missing step or equation in each of the following tables.

Equation	Given	Steps
1. $-6a - 5 = -95$		
2. $-6a = -90$		Add P.O. Equality
3. $a = 15$		Div P.O. Equality

2) Write each equation in slope-intercept form. Then graph the line.

22) $2x + 4y = -6$ $y = mx + b$

$m = -\frac{1}{2}$ $b = -1.5$

Graph:

3) Rewrite each equation in slope-intercept form.

$2y = 8x + 14$ $y = \frac{8x}{2} + \frac{14}{2}$ $y = 4x + 7$

$4y = -2x - 6$ $y = \frac{-2x - 6}{4} = -\frac{1}{2}x - \frac{3}{2}$

...quiz

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GSE Algebra I Unit 2A Date: _____ Notes

Name: _____

Solving Systems by Graphing

Steps

1. Make sure each equation is in slope-intercept form ($y = mx + b$).
2. Graph each equation on the same graph paper.
3. The point where the lines intersect is the solution. If they don't intersect then there's no solution. If they do intersect then there's a solution.
4. Check your solution algebraically!

Examples:

- parallel lines:** $2x - 2y = 8$ and $y = -2x + 5$. Graphs show two parallel lines that do not intersect.
- No Solution:** $2x - 3y = -9$ and $2x + y = 5$. Graphs show two parallel lines that do not intersect.
- infinite solutions:** $3x + y = 2$ and $6x + 2y = 4$. Graphs show two overlapping lines.
- one solution:** $4x - x = 2$ and $2x + y = 1$. Graphs show two intersecting lines at the point $(-2, 5)$.

Check your solution algebraically:

- If the lines have the same slope m , and the same y -intercept b , then the system has **infinite solutions**.
- If the lines have the same slope m , but different y -intercepts b , the system has **no solution**.
- If the lines have different slopes m , the system has **one solution**.

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Solving Systems by Substitution

Steps

1. One equation will have either x or y by itself, or can be solved for x or y easily.
2. Substitute the expression from Step 1 into the other equation and solve for the other variable.
3. Substitute the value from Step 2 into the equation from Step 1 and solve.
4. Your solution is the ordered pair formed by x & y .
5. Check the solution in each of the original equations.

Examples:

- one solution:** $2x - 4y = 20$ and $3x + 2y = 20$. Solution: $(-4, 16)$.
- infinite solutions:** $3x + 2(x-1) = -12$ and $3x + 2x - 2 = -12$. Solution: $(-2, 3)$.
- no solution:** $3x + 2(x-1) = -12$ and $3x + 2x - 2 = -10$. Solution: $(-2, 3)$.
- one solution:** $5x + 12 = 10$ and $3x - 5y + 4 = -1$. Solution: $(-2, 3)$.
- infinite solutions:** $2(5y + 10) - 10y = 20$ and $10y + 20 - 10y = 20$. Solution: $(-6, 4)$.

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Solving Systems by Elimination

Steps

1. Arrange the equations with like terms in columns.
2. Multiply, if necessary, to create opposite coefficients for one variable.
3. Add/Subtract the equations.
4. Substitute the value to solve for the other variable.
5. Write your answer as an ordered pair.
6. Check your answer.

Examples:

- one solution:** $2x - 2y = -8$ and $2x + 2y = 16$. Solution: $(2, 2)$.
- no solution:** $3x + 2y = 7$ and $-3x + 4y = 5$. Solution: $(-1, 2)$.
- infinite solutions:** $5x + 2y = 7$ and $-4x + 2y = 10$. Solution: $(-3, 1)$.

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January 24, 2019, Thursday

Solve each system by graphing.

1) $y = \frac{2}{3}x + 4$ and $y = \frac{2}{3}x - 1$

Graphs show two parallel lines that do not intersect.

2) $-3x + y = -15$ and $-3x + y = 15$

Graphs show two parallel lines that do not intersect.

3) $-3x + y = -10$ and $-4x - 1 = 15$

Graphs show two intersecting lines.

4) Do you like a) graphing b) substitution or c) elimination? Why?

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GSE Algebra I Unit 2A Systems Practice

Name: _____ Date: _____

I. Determine if $(2, 1)$ is a solution to the following systems. Answer yes or no!

1) $x - y = 1$ and $3x + y = 5$ 2) $-4x + 3y = -5$ and $-x - y = -3$

II. For 3-6, solve each system graphically. Write your solution in the blank provided. Check each solution.

3) $y = -2x + 3$ and $y = x - 3$

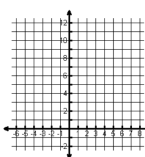
4) $y = \frac{1}{2}x + 3$ and $y = \frac{2}{3}x - 4$

Graphs for 3 and 4 are provided.

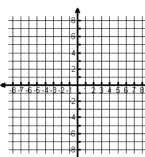
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GSE Algebra 1 Unit 2A Systems Practice

5) $2x + y = 6$
 $-4x + 2y = 4$



6) $y = 3$
 $x = -6$



III. Solve each linear system using substitution.

7) $y = x + 4$
 $2x + y = 19$

8) $y = -3x + 3$
 $7x + 2y = 1$

9) $y = 2x + 3$
 $2x + 3y = 5$

10) $x + 2y = 1$
 $5x + 3y = -23$

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GSE Algebra 1 Unit 2A Systems Practice

IV. Solve each linear system using elimination.

11) $2x + y = 11$
 $x + y = 9$

12) $x - y = 7$
 $2x + y = -10$

13) $3x + y = 1$
 $2x + 3y = -11$

14) $3x + 2y = 6$
 $2x - 3y = 17$

Find the error and solve the problem correctly.

15) $5x + 4y = 1$
 $-2x + 3y = 6$

$7x = -7$
 $x = -1$
 $-2(-1) + 3y = 6$
 $2 + 3y = 6$
 $3y = 4$
 $y = \frac{4}{3}$
 $(-1, \frac{4}{3})$

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January 25, 2019, Friday

Your choice: Solve each system by graphing, substitution or elimination.

1) $4x + 4y = 4$
 $x - 6y = 15$

2) $y = 3x - 14$
 $y = 5x - 24$

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GSE Algebra 1 Unit 2A Classroom

Name: _____ Date: _____

Systems of Linear Equations - Word Problems

5-Step Method:

1. Define variables
2. Write the system of equations
3. Solve showing all steps
4. Check your answer
5. State your solution in sentence form

1. You sell tickets for admission to your school play and collect a total of \$104. Admission prices are \$6 for adults and \$4 for children. You sold 21 tickets. How many adult tickets and how many children tickets did you sell?

2. Your family goes to a restaurant for dinner. There are 6 people in your family. Some order the chicken dinner for \$14.99 and some order the steak dinner for \$17. If the total bill was \$91, how many people ordered each type of dinner?

3. You bought the meat for Saturday's cookout. A package of hot dogs cost \$1.60 and a package of hamburger cost \$5. You bought a total of 8 packages of meat and you spent \$23. How many packages of hamburger meat did you buy?

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GSE Algebra 1 Unit 2A Classroom

4. Crazy orders 3 pizzas and 2 orders of breadsticks for a total of \$29.50. Rachel orders 2 pizzas and 3 orders of breadsticks for a total of \$23. How much does a pizza cost?

5. Rent-A-Car rents compact cars for a fixed amount per day plus a fixed amount for each mile driven. Benito rented a car for 6 days, drove 850 miles, and spent \$337. Lisa rented the same car for 3 days, drove 1350 miles, and spent \$183. What is the charge per day and the charge per mile for the compact car?

6. Beach Hotel in Cancun is offering two weekend specials. One includes a 2-night stay with 3 meals and cost \$195. The other includes a 3-night stay with 5 meals and cost \$300. What is the cost of a single meal?

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Blank area for solving the system of linear equations.

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